

Chemistry of Life

- Organic chemistry is the study of carbon compounds
- C atoms are versatile building blocks
 - bonding properties
 - ◆ 4 stable covalent bonds







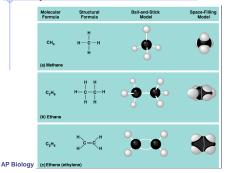
methane

(simplest HC)

Lomplex molecules assembled like TinkerToys

Na, Cl, K...

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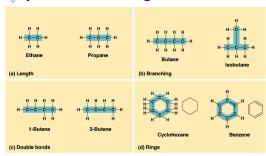


Hydrocarbons

- Combinations of C & H
 - non-polar
 - not soluble in H₂O
 - hydrophobic
 - ◆ stable
 - very little attraction between molecules
 - a gas at room temperature

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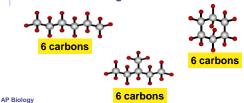
Hydrocarbons can grow



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Isomers

- Molecules with same molecular formula but different structures (shapes)
 - different chemical properties
 - different biological functions



Form affects function

- Structural differences create important functional significance
 - amino acid alanine
 - L-alanine used in proteins
 - but not D-alanine
 - medicines

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- L-version active
- but not D-version
- sometimes with tragic results...







Form affects function

- Thalidomide
 - prescribed to pregnant women in 50s & 60s
 - ◆ reduced morning sickness, but...
 - stereoisomer caused severe birth defects

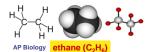


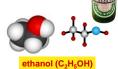




Diversity of molecules

- Substitute other atoms or groups around the carbon
 - ethane vs. ethanol
 - H replaced by an <u>hydroxyl group</u> (–OH)
 - nonpolar vs. polar
 - gas vs. liquid
 - biological effects!





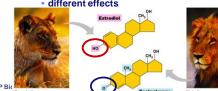
Functional groups

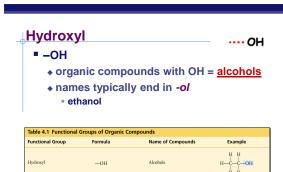
- Parts of organic molecules that are involved in chemical reactions
 - give organic molecules distinctive properties
 - hydroxyl
- amino
- carbonyl
- sulfhydryl
- carboxyl
- phosphate
- Affect reactivity
 - makes hydrocarbons hydrophilic
 - increase solubility in water

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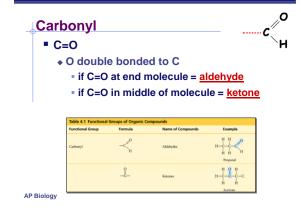
Viva la difference!

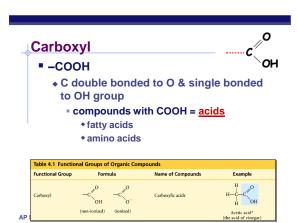
- Basic structure of male & female hormones is identical
 - identical carbon skeleton
 - attachment of different functional groups
 - · interact with different targets in the body
 - different effects

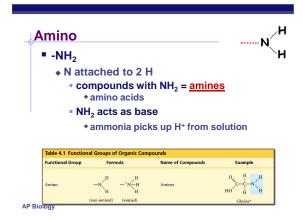


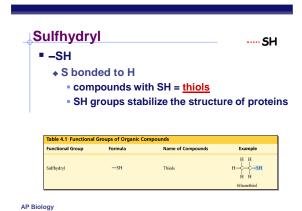


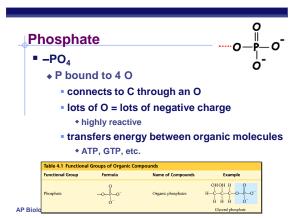












Macromolecules Building Blocks of Life

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Macromolecules

- Smaller organic molecules join together to form larger molecules
 - macromolecules
- 4 major classes of macromolecules:
 - carbohydrates
 - lipids
 - proteins
 - nucleic acids



Building

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